New England Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Potato Planning Project

Do you grow potatoes for sale?	(Please circle the number of your answer).
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- 1) Yes \rightarrow Please continue below.
- 2) No \rightarrow If no, **please take a moment now to return the blank survey** in the enclosed envelope in order to avoid getting follow-up mailings from us--thank you!

This study will help potato IPM programs in Maine and Massachusetts to better understand how you grow and manage your potatoes. We will use this information to plan our future research and Extension activities in potato IPM to better meet your needs.

The survey should be completed by the person most responsible for farm management decisions on your farm. Please enclose a separate sheet with additional comments if you like, and feel free to comment in the margins. Thank you very much for your help.

Survey Coordinators, Entomology West, Ag. Eng. Bldg., UMass, Amherst, MA 01003

A. GENERAL				
1. How many acres of potatoe				
			owing types of markets? (Please	fill
in the approximate percentage.	Note that percentage	es should add up to 100)).	
1) processing			<u>%</u>	
2) fresh market retail			<u>%</u>	
3) fresh market wholesale			<u>%</u>	
4) seed		%		
5) other (please specify: _)		
		100%		
3. Do you grow potatoes und	er contract to a prod	cessor? ves	no	
er zo jou gron pountous untu	or community to the pro-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
4. How would you describe yo	our potato productio	on practices? (Circle t	he one that best applies).	
Jean Maria Jean Grand		_		
	ic IDM Of	her (please specify:)	
Conventional Organ 5. How long have you been gr				

B. PEST MANAGEMENT1. Do you apply insecticides to potatoes?		
1) yes		
 2) no → → → If no, skip to question 0 at the contraction of the contraction of		
3. What methods, if any, do you use to	3 4 43 66 4	
(Circle all that apply.) 1) calibration of whole sprayer onc 2) calibration of whole sprayer two		
3) calibration of individual nozzles 4) tests with water-sensitive cards of 5) other (please specify: 6) I don't check the effectiveness of 4. What insecticides did you use in 1994 approximate percentage of your acreage	r accuracy of my sprayer. and 1995 to control Color on which you used these mat	rado potato beetle? (Fill in the terials in 1994 and 1995.)
4) tests with water-sensitive cards of 5) other (please specify:	and 1995 to control Color on which you used these mat	rado potato beetle? (Fill in the terials in 1994 and 1995.) 1995
4) tests with water-sensitive cards of 5) other (please specify:	and 1995 to control Color on which you used these mat 1994 orox. percentage of acreage	rado potato beetle? (Fill in the rerials in 1994 and 1995.) 1995 approx. percentage of acreage
4) tests with water-sensitive cards of 5) other (please specify:	and 1995 to control Color on which you used these mat 1994 orox. percentage of acreage 50 %	rado potato beetle? (Fill in the terials in 1994 and 1995.) 1995 approx. percentage of acreage 25 %
4) tests with water-sensitive cards of 5) other (please specify:	r accuracy of my sprayer. and 1995 to control Color on which you used these mat 1994 brox. percentage of acreage 50 % %	rado potato beetle? (Fill in the terials in 1994 and 1995.) 1995 approx. percentage of acreage 25 % %
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1) Extension hotlin

1) Extension notline	or pest	message
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- 2) time of year
- 3) crop growth stage
- 4) IPM scout or consultant recommendation
- 5) when traps or scouting indicate pests have reached action thresholds
- 6) processor or contract requirement
- 7) my own experience
- 8) chemical company representative recommendations
- 9) informal field observations
- 10) other (please specify:

The next few questions ask about how you obtain information about insect pests and how you decide how to treat them. Please tell us how these activities are done on your farm, even if you don't do them yourself. In other words, if a consultant or employee gathers information about pests and reports it to you, please tell us how they get the information.

	or field scouting are done on your farm, WHO MOST see practices are not used, go on to the next question.)
1) you or other family member	be practices are not used, go on to the next question.)
2) private IPM scout/consultant	
3) farm employee	
4) Extension agent or IPM field scout	
5) other (please specify:	
)	
7. If FIELD SCOUTING for insects is done or	your farm, HOW is it done? (Please circle all that apply. If
scouting is not done, skip to question 0.)	
1) observe plants for insects at least once per	week
2) observe plants for insects occasionally, bu	
3) look at 50-100 plants per field	•
4) look at fewer than 50 plants per field	
5) examine plants in the middle of the field	
6) examine plants along the edge of the field	
7) examine plants in both places, the middle	
8) other (please specify:	-
8. What pests do you SCOUT for using the me	ethods circled above? (Please circle all that apply.)
1) Colorado potato beetle	4) flea beetle
2) aphids	5) European corn borer
3) potato leafhopper	6) cutworms
9. Which, if any, of these other sampling tech	niques do you use? (Please circle all that apply. If you don't
use any of these techniques, go on to the next que	estion).
1) flag Colorado potato beetle egg masses at	
2) take soil samples to estimate wireworm de	ensity
3) take soil samples to estimate grub density	
4) other (please specify:	
)	
	on your farm, what is the most important source of the
	ain level of pest activity or infestation at which a treatment is
	<u>NE</u> . If you don't use thresholds, go on to the next question.)
1) university-provided threshold	
2) private consultant-provided threshold	
3) threshold specified by processor for whom	
4) my own threshold (please specify the threshold	d you use for each pest:
)	

11. Which, if any, cultural or mechanical methods do you use for control of COLORADO POTATO
BEETLE, on at least part of your acreage? (Please circle all that apply. If you don't use these methods, go
on to the next question.)
1) propane flaming
2) delayed planting
3) disruption of movement from overwintering sites (eg. plastic-lined trenches)
4) vacuuming
5) other (please specify:
)
12. How do you rate the severity of the following pests in average years on your farm? (Please circle your responses.)
(How SIGNIFICANT is this pest in an
average year?)
1) Colorado potato beetleminor pestmoderate pestsevere pest
2) European corn borer severe pest
3) aphids minor pest moderate pestsevere pest
4) flea beetle minor pestmoderate pestsevere pest
5) wirewormsminor pestmoderate pestsevere pest
6) grubs minor pestmoderate pestsevere pest
7) potato leafhopper minor pestmoderate pestsevere pest
8) cutworms minor pest moderate pest severe pest
The next two questions ask about DISEASE MANAGEMENT in your potatoes.
13. Which, if any, of the following practices do you use for disease management on your farm? (Circle all
that apply. If you use none of these practices, go on to the next question.)
1) plant certified virus-free seed
2) dispose of cull piles
3) destroy volunteer potato plants
4) rotate out of potatoes for more than 2 years
5) rogue diseased plants
6) spray fungicides
7) other (please specify:)

	If you apply fungicides, how do you determine if and when to apply them? (Please circle the <u>THREE</u>
MIC	<u>OST IMPORTANT</u> . If you don't apply fungicides to potatoes, go on to the next question). 1) Extension hotline or pest message
	2) time of year
	3) crop growth stage
	4) IPM scout or consultant recommendation
	5) my own experience
	6) processor or contract requirement
	7) timing of insecticide applications
	8) chemical company representative recommendations
	9) weather monitoring
	10) informal field observations
	11) other (please specify:)
The	e next five questions ask about WEED MANAGEMENT methods.
	Which, if any, of the following weed management practices do you use in potatoes? (Please circle all apply.)
	1) pre-emergence herbicides applied at rates recommended for your soil
	2) pre-emergence herbicides applied at rates <u>lower</u> than those recommended for your soil 3) post-emergence herbicides
	4) banded application of herbicides (over the row only)
	5) supplementing herbicide applications with cultivation
	6) rotation of herbicide classes to delay resistance
	7) cultivation only, with no application of herbicides
	8) spot treatment (herbicides or cultivation) of problem weeds 0) hand pulling of problem weeds
	9) hand pulling of problem weeds10) choosing rotation crops for weed suppression
17	
16.	Do you monitor your potato fields for weeds during the season or shortly after harvest?
	1) always
	2) sometimes
	3) never $\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow$ If never, skip to question 0.
	 17. If you do monitor or check for weeds, do you do any of the following, based on information from scouting? (Please circle all that apply.) 1) keep written records or maps of weed scouting 2) spot treat problem areas 3) adjust herbicide rate 4) change tillage practices 5) rotate to another crop for better weed control 6) other (please specify:
18.	What tillage equipment do you use prior to planting potatoes? (Circle all that apply.) 1) chisel plow 2) moldboard plow
	3) rototiller
	4) disc harrow

5) other (please specify:)
19. What cultivation tactics do you use after planting the potato crop? (Circle all that apply.)
1) pre-emergence cultivation
2) post-emergence fingers for in-row weeding
3) post-emergence spring tines for in-row weeds
4) post-emergence rotary hoe for in-row weeds
5) post-emergence sweeps
6) hilling
7) other (please specify:)
8) none of the above
 20. How important is a potato variety's resistance to pests (weeds, insects, diseases, and nematodes) when you choose which varieties to plant? (Please circle one.) 1) Not very important; other factors like price, yield potential, market demand, and days to harvest are much more important than resistance 2) Somewhat important; if other requirements are met, I'll choose a variety with more resistance 3) Very important; I try to plant resistant varieties whenever possible.
C. SOIL AND NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT
The next few questions ask about soil and nutrient management in potatoes.
1. How often do you take SOIL TESTS on your fields for nutrient and pH status? (Please circle one.)
1) every year
2) every 2-3 years
3) every 4-5 years
4) every 6 years or more
5) never
2. How often do you test for the ORGANIC MATTER STATUS of your potato fields? (Circle one.)
1) every year
2) every 2-3 years
3) every 4-5 years
4) every 6 years or more
5) never
3. How often are potatoes grown in a given field on your farm? (Please circle one.)
1) every year
2) every other year
3) once in three years
4) once in four years 5) loss often then one year in four
5) less often than one year in four
4. What other market crops and cover crops or green manures do you plant in rotation with potatoes?
Example: corn, rye and vetch
Correspond Correspond to the Corresponding to the C
5. How and when do you apply nitrogen fertilizer? (Circle all that apply.)
1) preplant broadcast
2) banded through the planter
,

3) broadcast top-dress4) banded side-dress5) other (please specify:6) never (please explain:)	_)
6. Which of the following soil amendments do you ap 1) composted plant material 2) raw animal manure 3) composted animal manure 4) fish waste 5) none of the above	ply? (Circle all that apply.)	
7. What percent (%) of your potato acreage is plant after harvest)? (Please circle one.) 1) none 2) 1 - 25% 3) 26 - 50% 4) 51 - 75% 5) 76 - 100%		
8. In making decisions about soil and nutrient man (Please circle your responses.)	agement, how important are each of the fo	ollowing?
	(How IMPORTANT is this inform	nation?)
1) soil test results	•	
2) expected nutrient needs of crop	not somewhatvery	
manure applications, or crop residues	notsomewhatvery	
4) recommendations of crop consultant	notsomewhatvery	
5) recommendations from soil test lab	not somewhatvery	
6) recommendations of Extension guide or agent	notsomewhatvery	
7) recommendations of fertilizer salesperson	not somewhatvery	
,	•	
8) past experience with crop	not somewhatvery	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	
8) past experience with crop	using or considering the use of IPM. Plea	

2. Which of the following might encourage you	to adopt IPM	techniques that	you are not currently
using? (Circle all that apply.)			
1) 1. markets that want IPM-grown crops			
2) availability of cost sharing for IPM consulting			
3) learning more about how to use IPM technique	es		
4) better evidence that IPM techniques work			
5) pressure from neighbors or consumers			
6) loss of currently registered materials			
7) new IPM techniques that are safer to use than 1	-		,
8) other (please specify:)
3. Below are various opinions, both positive and not the effects of IPM use. We would like to know who practices, please base your answer on your experience IPM practices, please give us your opinion about its	ether you agree rience with IPN	e or disagree with A on your own f	n each. If you use IPM
1) Use of IPM attracts more customers		agree	disagree
2) Use of IPM increases management time		agree	disagree
3) Use of IPM allows growers to charge a higher		_	-
price for their product		agree	disagree
4) Use of IPM increases the costs of pest manager	ment	agree	disagree
5) Use of IPM improves relations with neighbors.		agree	disagree
6) Use of IPM decreases the quality of the produc	t	agree	disagree
7) Use of IPM leads to decreased insecticide use		agreee	disagree
E. SOURCES OF INFORMATION This question asks about where you obtain inform 1. Please indicate how important each of the fol		8	·
about potato pest and crop management. (Please calculations)	0		are to you in learning
(How	IMPORTANT	is this source of i	nformation?)
1) winter meetings or workshops	not	somewhat	very
$2) \ \textbf{on-farm twilight meetings or demonstrations} \$	not	somewhat	very
3) New England Vegetable Production Guide	not	somewhat	very
4) IPM hotline, recorded phone message	not	somewhat	very
5) Extension newsletter or pest message	not	somewhat	very
6) farm visits from Extension specialist	not	somewhat	very
7) farm visits from private crop consultant			-
8) other farmers	not	somewhat	very
9) other (please specify:)not	somewhat	very
Are there any other pest control or crop manage university would research further or provide more	-		· ·

THANK YOU FOR YOUR THOUGHT AND YOUR TIME!